

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1 (previously presented): A method for searching different data stores based on a classification of a search term, the method comprising:

receiving at least one search term;

classifying the search term among at least first and second categories;

using the classification of the search term to select among multiple electronic information stores to perform a search, wherein a first electronic information store contains first electronic information associated with at least a first category and a second electronic information store contains second electronic information associated with at least a second category;

when the search term is classified within the first category, performing the search after classifying the search term by comparing the search term only to the first electronic information within the first electronic information store to determine whether matches exist;

when the search term is classified within the second category and following the classification of the search term, performing the search by comparing the search term to at least the second electronic information within at least the second electronic information store that differs from the first electronic information store to determine whether matches exist; and

displaying a result based on the matches that are determined to exist.

Claim 2 (original): The method of claim 1 wherein comparing the search term when the search term is classified within the second category comprises comparing the search term to the first electronic information within the first electronic information store and to the second electronic information within the second electronic information store.

Claim 3 (original): The method of claim 1 wherein:

receiving at least one search term comprises receiving several search terms and grouping the search terms received as a single string;

classifying the search term comprises classifying the single string of search terms among at least first and second categories;

comparing the search term when the single string of search terms is classified within the first category comprises comparing the single string of search terms to the first electronic information within the first electronic information store to determine whether matches exist; and

comparing the search term when the single string of search terms is classified within the second category comprises comparing the single string of search terms to the second electronic information within the second electronic information store to determine whether matches exist.

Claim 4 (original): The method of claim 1 wherein the first electronic information includes contents relating to non-offensive web sites and the second electronic information includes contents relating to offensive web sites.

Claim 5 (original): The method of claim 1 wherein the method is performed by a web host having members and the method further comprises:

automatically scanning contents of a web site when the web site is accessed by members of the web host;

classifying the contents of the web site among at least one of the first electronic information within the first electronic information store and the second electronic information within the second electronic information store;

storing the contents of the web site in the first electronic information within the first electronic information store when the contents of the web site are classified among the first electronic information; and

storing the contents of the web site in the second electronic information within the second electronic information store when the contents of the web site are classified among the second electronic information.

Claim 6 (original): The method of claim 5 wherein the first electronic information store is located on a first server and the second electronic information store is located on a second server that differs from the first server.

Claim 7 (original): The method of claim 1 wherein the first electronic information includes full text, titles, descriptions, and addresses of web sites such that the comparing the search term to the first electronic information within the first electronic information store comprises comparing the search term to the full text, the titles, the descriptions, and the addresses of web sites to determine whether matches exist.

Claim 8 (original): The method of claim 1 wherein the second electronic information includes full text, titles, descriptions, and addresses of web sites such that the comparing the search term to the second electronic information within the second electronic information store comprises comparing the search term to the full text, the titles, the descriptions, and the addresses of web sites to determine whether matches exist.

Claim 9 (previously presented): A method of storing searchable and retrievable content into more than one distinct electronic information store, the method comprising:

- receiving searchable and retrievable content to be stored within more than one distinct electronic information store;

- detecting a number of accesses of the searchable and retrievable content;

- comparing the number of detected accesses to a threshold number;

- if the threshold number is met, scanning the searchable and retrievable content in response to the searchable and retrievable content being accessed the threshold number of times;

- classifying the received searchable and retrievable content among a first type of searchable and retrievable content and a second type of searchable and retrievable content; and

storing the received searchable and retrievable content based on the classifying among the first type and the second type such that different types of received searchable and retrievable content are stored among a collection of more than one distinct electronic information stores.

Claim 10 (previously presented): The method of claim 9 wherein the classifying is based on searchable and retrievable content received from a listing service.

Claim 11 (previously presented): The method of claim 9 wherein the classifying is based on the searchable and retrievable content itself.

Claim 12 (previously presented): The method of claim 9 wherein the first electronic information store includes non-offensive searchable and retrievable content.

Claim 13 (previously presented): The method of claim 12 wherein the second electronic information store includes offensive searchable and retrievable content.

Claim 14 (previously presented): A system for storing searchable and retrievable content among more than one distinct electronic information store, comprising:

- a first electronic information store having at least a first type of searchable and retrievable content that includes searchable and retrievable content based on classifying the content as non-offensive; and

- a second electronic information store having at least a second type of searchable and retrievable content that includes searchable and retrievable content based on classifying the content as offensive, wherein the first electronic information store is at least logically distinct from the second electronic information store to enable controls over access to the searchable and retrievable content included within the first electronic information store and the second electronic information store and the first electronic information store and the second electronic information store are populated by searchable and retrievable content that has been automatically

scanned when a detected number of accesses of the searchable and retrievable content has met a threshold number of accesses.

Claim 15 (original): The system of claim 14 wherein the first electronic information store is included on a first server and the second electronic information store is included on a second server that differs from the first server.

Claim 16 (previously presented): A computer program, stored on a computer readable medium, for searching different data stores based on a classification of a search term, comprising instructions for:

- receiving at least one search term;

- classifying the search term among at least first and second categories;

- using the classification of the search term to select among multiple electronic information stores to perform a search, wherein a first electronic information store contains first electronic information associated with at least a first category and a second electronic information store contains second electronic information associated with at least a second category;

- when the search term is classified within the first category, performing the search after classifying the search term by comparing the search term only to the first electronic information within the first electronic information store to determine whether matches exist;

- when the search term is classified within the second category performing the search after classifying the search term by comparing the search term to at least the second electronic information within at least the second electronic information store that differs from the first electronic information store to determine whether matches exist; and

- displaying a result based on the matches that are determined to exist.

Claim 17 (original): The computer program of claim 16 wherein the computer readable medium comprises a propagated signal.

Claim 18 (original): The computer program of claim 17 wherein the propagated signal comprises a carrier wave.

Claim 19 (previously presented): A computer program, stored on a computer readable medium, for storing searchable and retrievable content into more than one distinct electronic information store, comprising instructions for:

- receiving searchable and retrievable content to be stored within more than one distinct electronic information store;
- detecting a number of accesses of the searchable and retrievable content;
- comparing the number of detected accesses to a threshold number;
- if the threshold number is met, scanning the searchable and retrievable content in response to the searchable and retrievable content being accessed the threshold number of times;
- classifying the received searchable and retrievable content among a first type of searchable and retrievable content and a second type of searchable and retrievable content; and
- storing the received searchable and retrievable content based on the classifying among the first type and the second type such that different types of received searchable and retrievable content are stored among a collection of more than one distinct electronic information stores.

Claim 20 (original): The computer program of claim 19 wherein the computer readable medium comprises a propagated signal.

Claim 21 (original): The computer program of claim 20 wherein the propagated signal comprises a carrier wave.